In accordance with § 2.2-4002.1 of the Code of Virginia, this proposed guidance document conforms to the definition of a guidance document in § 2.2-4101.



Common Interest Community Board

PROPOSED Guidance Document: Regarding the Applicability of the Common Interest Community Ombudsman Regulations on Solely Commercial Condominiums

Adopted September 20, 2012 Revised September 3, 2020

Effective upon conclusion of the public comment period required pursuant to § 2.2-4002.1 of the Code of Virginia

I. Issue

The Office of the Common Interest Community (CIC) Ombudsman has received numerous inquiries from Virginia attorneys as to whether the Common Interest Community Ombudsman Regulations apply to solely commercial condominiums.

II. Applicable Laws

§ 54.1-2345. Definitions.

"Association" includes condominium, cooperative, or property owners' associations.

"Common interest community" means real estate subject to a declaration containing lots, at least some of which are residential or occupied for recreational purposes, and common areas to which a person, by virtue of the person's ownership of a lot subject to that declaration, is a member of the association and is obligated to pay assessments of common expenses, provided that for the purposes of this chapter only, a common interest community does not include any

time-share project registered pursuant to the Virginia Real Estate Time-Share Act (§ 55.1-2200 et seq.) or any additional land that is a part of such registration. "Common interest community" does not include an arrangement described in § 54.1-2345.1.

§ 54.1-2354.2. Common Interest Community Management Information Fund.

A. There is hereby created the Common Interest Community Management Information Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund," to be used in the discretion of the Board to promote the improvement and more efficient operation of common interest communities through research and education. The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. The Fund shall consist of money paid into it pursuant to §§ 54.1-2349, 55.1-1835, 55.1-1980, and 55.1-2182, and such money shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund but, at the discretion of the Board, shall remain in the Fund or shall be transferred to the Common Interest Community Management Recovery Fund established pursuant to § 54.1-2354.5.

§ 54.1-2354.4. Association complaint procedures; final adverse decisions.

- A. The Board shall establish by regulation a requirement that each association shall establish reasonable procedures for the resolution of written complaints from the members of the association and other citizens. Each association shall adhere to the written procedures established pursuant to this subsection when resolving association member and citizen complaints...
- B. A complainant may give notice to the Board of any final adverse decision in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board. The notice shall be filed within 30 days of the final adverse decision, shall be in writing on forms prescribed by the Board, shall include copies of all records pertinent to the decision, and shall be accompanied by a \$25 filing fee. The fee shall be collected by the Director and paid directly into the state treasury and credited to the Common Interest Community Management Information Fund pursuant to § 54.1-2354.2. The Board may, for good cause shown, waive or refund the filing fee upon a finding that payment of the filing fee will cause undue financial hardship for the member. The Director shall provide a copy of the written notice to the association that made the final adverse decision.
- C. The Director or his designee may request additional information concerning any notice of final adverse decision from the association that made the final adverse decision. The association shall provide such information to the Director within a reasonable time upon request. If the Director upon review determines that the final adverse decision may be in conflict with laws or regulations governing common interest communities or interpretations thereof by the Board, the Director may, in his

sole discretion, provide the complainant and the association with information concerning such laws or regulations governing common interest communities or interpretations thereof by the Board. The determination of whether the final adverse decision may be in conflict with laws or regulations governing common interest communities or interpretations thereof by the Board shall be a matter within the sole discretion of the Director, whose decision is final and not subject to further review. The determination of the Director shall not be binding upon the complainant or the association that made the final adverse decision.

§ 54.1-2354.5. Common Interest Community Management Recovery Fund.

- A. There is hereby created the Common Interest Community Management Recovery Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund," to be used in the discretion of the Board to protect the interests of associations.
- B. Each common interest community manager, at the time of initial application for licensure, and each association filing its first annual report after the effective date shall be assessed \$25, which shall be specifically assigned to the Fund. Initial payments may be incorporated in any application fee payment or annual filing fee and transferred to the Fund by the Director within 30 days.

§ 54.1-2351. General powers and duties of Board concerning associations.

- A. The Board may adopt, amend, and repeal rules and regulations and issue orders consistent with and in furtherance of the objectives of this article, but the Board may not intervene in the internal activities of an association except to the extent necessary to prevent or cure violations of this article or of the chapter pursuant to which the association is created. The Board may prescribe forms and procedures for submitting information to the Board.
- B. If it appears that any governing board has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in any act or practice in violation of this article, the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55.1-1800 et seq.), the Virginia Condominium Act (§ 55.1-1900 et seq.), the Virginia Real Estate Cooperative Act (§ 55.1-2100 et seq.), or the Virginia Real Estate Time-Share Act (§ 55.1-2200 et seq.), or any of the Board's regulations or orders, the Board without prior administrative proceedings may bring an action in the appropriate court to enjoin that act or practice or for other appropriate relief. The Board is not required to post a bond or prove that no adequate remedy at law exists.
- C. The Board may intervene in any action involving a violation by a declarant or a developer of a time-share project of this article, the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55.1-1800 et seq.), the Virginia Condominium Act (§ 55.1-1900 et seq.), the Virginia Real Estate Cooperative Act (§ 55.1-2100 et seq.), or the Virginia Real Estate Time-Share Act (§ 55.1-2200 et seq.), or any of the Board's regulations or orders.

- D. The Board may accept grants-in-aid from any governmental source and may contract with agencies charged with similar functions in this or other jurisdictions in furtherance of the objectives of this article.
- E. The Board may cooperate with agencies performing similar functions in this and other jurisdictions to develop uniform filing procedures and forms, uniform disclosure standards, and uniform administrative practices, and may develop information that may be useful in the discharge of the Board's duties.
- F. In issuing any cease and desist order, the Board shall state the basis for the adverse determination and the underlying facts.
- G. Without limiting the remedies that may be obtained under this article, the Board, without compliance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), shall have the authority to enforce the provisions of this section and may institute proceedings in equity to enjoin any person, partnership, corporation, or any other entity violating this article, the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55.1-1800 et seq.), the Virginia Condominium Act (§ 55.1-1900 et seq.), the Virginia Real Estate Cooperative Act (§ 55.1-2100 et seq.), or the Virginia Real Estate Time-Share Act (§ 55.1-2200 et seq.), or any of the Board's regulations or orders. Such proceedings shall be brought in the name of the Commonwealth by the Board in the circuit court or general district court of the city or county in which the unlawful act occurred or in which the defendant resides.
- H. The Board may assess a monetary penalty to be paid to the Common Interest Community Management Information Fund of not more than \$1,000 per violation against any governing board that violates any provision of this article, the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55.1-1800 et seq.), the Virginia Condominium Act (§ 55.1-1900 et seq.), the Virginia Real Estate Cooperative Act (§ 55.1-2100 et seq.), or the Virginia Real Estate Time-Share Act (§ 55.1-2200 et seq.), or any of the Board's regulations or orders. In determining the amount of the penalty, the Board shall consider the degree and extent of harm caused by the violation. No monetary penalty may be assessed under this article, the Property Owners' Association Act (§ 55.1-1800 et seq.), the Virginia Condominium Act (§ 55.1-1900 et seq.), the Virginia Real Estate Cooperative Act (§ 55.1-2100 et seq.), or the Virginia Real Estate Time-Share Act (§ 55.1-2200 et seq.), or any of the Board's regulations or orders unless the governing board has been given notice and an opportunity to be heard pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). The penalty may be sued for and recovered in the name of the Commonwealth.

§ 55.1-1900. Definitions.

"Condominium" means real property, and any incidents thereto or interests therein, lawfully submitted to this chapter by the recordation of condominium

instruments pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. No project shall be deemed a condominium within the meaning of this chapter unless the undivided interests in the common elements are vested in the unit owners.

§ 55.1-1972. Exemptions from certain provisions of article.

B. In cases of dispositions in a condominium where all units are restricted to nonresidential use, the provisions of §§ 55.1-1974 through 55.1-1983 shall not apply, unless the method of offer or disposition is adopted for the purpose of evasion of this chapter.

- 55.1-1974 Limitations on dispositions of units.
- 55.1-1975 Application for registration; fee.
- 55.1-1976 Public offering statement; condominium securities.
- 55.1-1977 Inquiry and examination.
- 55.1-1978 Notice of filing and registration.
- 55.1-1979 Annual report by declarant.
- 55.1-1980 Annual report by unit owners' association.
- 55.1-1981 Termination of registration.
- 55.1-1982 Conversion condominiums; special provisions.
- 55.1-1983 Escrow of deposits.

Considerations

- 1. Section 54.1-2354.4(A) requires each "association" to "establish reasonable procedures for the resolution of written complaints from the members of the association and other citizens." The term "association" under § 54.1-2345 "includes condominium, cooperative, or property owners' associations." Nowhere does the law state that associations are to be construed in these statutes as being solely common interest communities.
- 2. New commercial condominiums are not required to register with the Board and commercial condominium associations do not currently submit annual reports to the Board nor do they submit any form of payment to the Commonwealth in support of the Common Interest Community Management Information Fund. All common interest communities are required to submit annual reports and annual payments that are applied to the Common Interest Community Management Information Fund.
- 3. While the definition of association appears to include commercial condominiums, or at least does not exclude them, the definition of *common interest community* sets forth the premise that a "person, by virtue of his

ownership of a lot, is a *member* of an association..." The responsibility of the Board, under § 54.1-2354.4(A) is to "establish by regulation a requirement that each association shall establish reasonable procedures for the resolution of written complaints from the *members* of the association and other citizens."

- If commercial condominiums draft and adopt a complaint process, doing so
 would be futile as there is no jurisdiction or enforcement authority for
 commercial condominiums since they do not fall under the definition of a
 common interest community.
- 5. The CIC Ombudsman Regulations pertain only to violations of common interest community laws or regulations. The Director or his designee, under § 54.1-2354.4(C), "may provide the complainant and association with information if the final adverse decision may be in conflict with laws or regulations governing common interest communities..."
- 6. The Board is responsible for establishing the regulations that require complaint procedures within associations. The Board has no jurisdiction over any association except a common interest community association, in whatever form it may take Cooperative, Condominium, Property Owners'.
- 7. The Board has no authority to enforce the requirement that an association other than a common interest community association have a complaint procedure, since its only authority is over common interest communities.
- 8. Based on the jurisdiction of the Board, the CIC Ombudsman, and the Board staff, notices of the new regulations and mandatory complaint procedure were sent only to those common interest communities currently registered with the Board.

III. Board Policy

The Board determined that the definition of association, as set forth in § 54.1-2345 is not intended to include commercial condominiums, the Board does not have jurisdiction over commercial condominiums, and there will be no action taken by the Board if a commercial condominium does not implement and adopt a complaint process under the CIC Ombudsman Regulations. Based on the language of the law, it does not appear that the Board can unequivocally state that commercial condominiums are not required to adopt complaint procedures, but the Board can address the jurisdictional aspect of this issue and its lack of authority to take action if a commercial condominium does not adopt a complaint process.

The Common Interest Community Board will be taking public comment on this proposed guidance document. A 30-day comment period will begin on November 9, 2020.

If you wish to comment on the proposed guidance document, you may do so via the Town Hall website or you may submit written comments so that they are received no later than December 9, 2020 to:

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